

Safety Data Sheet
according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 01.10.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 01.10.2025

* **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

· **1.1 Product identifier**

· **Trade name: Phenol: Chloroform and Isoamylalcohol Ratio 125:24:1**

· **Product Code:** 40-1211

· **Registration number** Mixture

· **1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

· **Product category** PC21 Laboratory chemicals

· **Application of the substance / the mixture** Laboratory chemicals

· **Uses advised against**

Any use involving aerosol formation or vapour release in excess of the assigned Workplace Exposure Limit where workers are exposed without suitable Respiratory Protective Equipment.

Any use carrying a risk of direct contact with eyes/skin where workers are exposed without adequate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Processes involving the use of incompatible substances - refer to section 10.

Processes involving extreme heat use advised against.

Processes where workers who may be pregnant or breastfeeding could potentially come into direct contact with the undiluted product.

· **1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

· **Supplier:**

Severn Biotech Ltd.

Unit 2,

Park Lane,

Kidderminster,

Worcestershire.

DY11 6TJ

UK

Tel: 0044 1562 825286

Fax: 0044 1562 825284

email: info@severnbiotech.com

· **Further information obtainable from:** Product safety department.

· **1.4 Emergency telephone number:**

Members of the public seeking specific information on poisons should contact:

In England and Wales: NHS 111 - dial 111

In Scotland: NHS 24 - dial 111

* **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

· **2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

· **Classification according to GB-CLP**

Acute Tox. 3	H301	Toxic if swallowed.
Acute Tox. 3	H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
Acute Tox. 3	H331	Toxic if inhaled.
Skin Corr. 1B	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Eye Dam. 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Muta. 2	H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Carc. 2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
Repr. 2	H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
STOT RE 1	H372-H373	Causes damage to the central nervous system, the kidneys, the liver and the respiratory system through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to the skin and the nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

· **Labelling according to GB-CLP** The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms



GHS05 GHS06 GHS08 GHS09

· **Signal word** Danger

Hazard-determining components of labelling:

phenol
Chloroform

Hazard statements

H301+H311+H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372-H373 Causes damage to the central nervous system, the kidneys, the liver and the respiratory system through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to the skin and the nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Additional information:

For use in industrial installations only.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- **PBT:** Not applicable.
- **vPvB:** Not applicable.

* SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

· **Description:** Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

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· Dangerous components:		
CAS: 108-95-2 EINECS: 203-632-7 Index number: 604-001-00-2 Reg.nr.: 01-2119471329-32-XXXX	phenol ⚠ Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H331; ⚠ Muta. 2, H341; STOT RE 2, H373; ⚠ Skin Corr. 1B, H314; ⚠ Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 ATE: LD50 oral: 100.1 mg/kg LC50/4 h inhalative: 0.51 mg/l Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1B; H314: C ≥ 3 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 1 % ≤ C < 3 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 1 % ≤ C < 3 %	50 – 100%
CAS: 67-66-3 EINECS: 200-663-8 Index number: 602-006-00-4 Reg.nr.: 01-2119486657-20-XXXX	Chloroform ⚠ Acute Tox. 3, H331; ⚠ Carc. 2, H351; Repr. 2, H361d; STOT RE 1, H372; ⚠ Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319 ATE: LC50/4 h inhalative: 3 mg/l	10 – 25%

 · **Additional information:** For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

* SECTION 4: First aid measures

· 4.1 Description of first aid measures

· **General information:**

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Personal protection for the First Aider.

Remove breathing equipment only after contaminated clothing have been completely removed.

Keep polyethylene glycol (Lutrol) and Ambubag available for first aider use.

In all cases of significant exposure the patient should be transferred to a hospital as soon as possible.

· **After inhalation:**

In case of inhalation:

- Provide fresh air.

- In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen.

- No mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use respiratory bag or oxygen resuscitation apparatus.

- Do not leave patient unattended.

Keep warm (blanket). Take to a hospital as soon as possible.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

· **After skin contact:**

Continuously rinse the affected parts of the body with polyethylene glycol (e.g. Lutrol) or with plenty of water, followed by washing with olive oil or edible oil (to remove the phenol component).

Take to a hospital immediately.

· **After eye contact:**

Check for and remove any contact lenses.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

· **After swallowing:**

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

· **Information for doctor:**

Contains Chloroform and Phenol.

Treatment:

Thoroughly clean the wetted skin areas, if possible with polyethylene glycol (e.g. polyethylene glycol 300).

In case of eye contact, rinse copiously with water, in case of burns rinse continuously with water as far as possible and take to an eye specialist or eye clinic.

In case of inhalation, to prevent pulmonary oedema, initiate inhalative cortisone therapy as early as possible (e.g.

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every 10 minutes 5 strokes of a cortisone containing aerosol dosing spray); administer codeine against dry coughing.
In case of commencing or manifested pulmonary oedema, systemic administration of cortisone.

Caution: A low symptom or symptom-free interval is possible.

If swallowed, gastric lavage after intubation, activated charcoal, saline laxative.

Do not administer catecholamines (because of the cardiac effect caused by the product).

No specific antidote therapy for phenol poisoning is known. Therefore it is important to remove the phenol completely from the body surface and out of the body as quickly as possible, and in the case of inhalation prophylactic treatment to prevent pulmonal oedema is of great importance.

Phenol causes strong caustic burns of the skin and mucous membranes due to its protein degenerating action. The skin initially discolours white, later red. After initial pain, local anaesthesia appears.

Absorptive poisoning by large amounts of phenol is possible also through small affected skin regions and quickly leads to paralysis of the central nervous system as well as strong depression of the body temperature.

Inhaling phenol vapours can lead to damage of the bronchial system and pulmonary oedema. Systemic damage to kidneys, liver and heart as well as neuropsychiatric disturbances are produced.

· **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** No further relevant information available.

· **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

No further relevant information available.

* SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

· **5.1 Extinguishing media**

· **Suitable extinguishing agents:**

CO₂, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray.

Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

· **For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:** Water with full jet

· **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Corrosive liquid.

Toxic.

Vapours are heavier than air and may travel a long distance and accumulate in low lying areas. Ignition and/or flash back may occur.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Chlorine gas

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

Phosgene gas

· **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

· **Protective equipment:**

Wear fully protective suit.

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

Decontaminate protective clothing prior to removal.

· **Additional information**

Absorb gas/vapours with water spray.

Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

Depending on wind direction, warn people of danger of inhalation, close doors and windows and get ventilation stopped. Approach from upwind.

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* **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

· **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Ensure adequate ventilation

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and collect in confined spaces.

Remove persons from danger area.

· **6.2 Environmental precautions:**

Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

· **6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

Collect the rinsing water when cleaning-down contaminated equipment and plant components (to prevent phenol from escaping into deep soil layers).

Ensure adequate ventilation.

· **6.4 Reference to other sections**

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

* **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

· **7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.

Avoid direct contact (skin/eye contact, ingestion and/or inhalation of fume/mist/dust) with the product in the undiluted form.

Vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces.

A first-aidier must be in attendance whilst this product is being handled.

All area first-aidiers must have been provided with specialist training in the treatment required for potential incidents involving this product.

Safety showers and eye wash facilities should be available at the work area.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

The product must only be handled by authorised, trained and experienced professionals under strictly controlled conditions.

· **Information about fire - and explosion protection:** Keep respiratory protective device available.

· **7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

· **Storage:**

· **Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:**

Prevent any seepage into the ground.

Store only in the original receptacle.

· **Information about storage in one common storage facility:**

Store away from oxidising agents.

Store away from foodstuffs.

Store away from metals.

Do not store together with textiles.

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Further information about storage conditions:

Store under lock and key and with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants only.

Protect from frost.

Keep container tightly sealed.

Store in a bunded area.

Storage class: 6.1 A

7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

*** SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**
8.1 Control parameters
Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:
CAS: 108-95-2 phenol

WEL	Short-term value: 16 mg/m ³ , 4 ppm
	Long-term value: 7.8 mg/m ³ , 2 ppm
Sk	

CAS: 67-66-3 Chloroform

WEL	Long-term value: 9.9 mg/m ³ , 2 ppm
Sk	

DNELs
CAS: 108-95-2 phenol

Oral	Long-term systemic effects	500 µg/kg bw/day (general population)
Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	0.5 mg/kg bw/day (general population) 1.23 mg/kg bw/day (worker)
Inhalative	Long-term systemic effects	0.452 mg/m ³ (general population) 8 mg/m ³ (worker)
	Short-term local effects	16 mg/m ³ (worker)

CAS: 67-66-3 Chloroform

Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	2.86 mg/kg bw/day (worker)
Inhalative	Long-term systemic effects	2.5 mg/m ³ (worker)
	Short-term systemic effects	5 mg/m ³ (worker)
	Long-term local effects	2.5 mg/m ³ (worker)
	Short-term local effects	5 mg/m ³ (worker)

PNECs
CAS: 108-95-2 phenol

Freshwater	7.7 µg/L
Freshwater - Intermittent releases	31 µg/L
Marine water	770 ng/L
Sewage Treatment Plant	2.1 mg/L
Sediment (freshwater)	91.5 µg/kg
Sediment (marine water)	9.15 µg/kg
Soil	136 µg/kg

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CAS: 67-66-3 Chloroform

Freshwater	146 µg/L
Marine water	15 µg/L
Sewage Treatment Plant	48 µg/L
Sediment (freshwater)	450 µg/kg
Sediment (marine water)	90 µg/kg
Soil	560 µg/kg

· **Additional information:** The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

· **8.2 Exposure controls**

· **Appropriate engineering controls** No further data; see section 7.

· **Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

· **General protective and hygienic measures:**

Pregnant women should strictly avoid inhalation or skin contact.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Storing food in the working area is prohibited.

Ensure that washing facilities are available at the work place.

A safe system of work must be formulated and followed to ensure safe working with this product. Relevant workers must receive suitable and sufficient training and supervision.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Take note of assigned Workplace Exposure Limits.

Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

· **Respiratory protection:**

Handle product in a fume cupboard.

If fume cupboard is unavailable, use respirator with organic vapour cartridge.

Filter type ABEK

If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

· **Hand protection**



Protective gloves.

Use gloves tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN374 (EU).

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· **Material of gloves**

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

· **Penetration time of glove material**

Break-through time: > 75 minutes

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

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- **Eye/face protection**



Tightly sealed goggles conforming to EN166.



Face shield/visor.

Use equipment tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as EN166 (EU) or NIOSH (US)

Use visor in combination with goggles.

- **Body protection:**



Impervious protective clothing

Do not get on skin or clothing. Wear clothing and footwear that cannot be penetrated by the product. Suitable protective equipment may include: Chemical resistant boots, Chemical resistant apron, Full chemical protective suit with a hood, Chemical protective suit consisting of a jacket and trousers. The jacket should be buttoned up to the neck, sleeves sealed at the gloves, and trouser legs worn outside the boots. These precautions are required to prevent the clothing from accidentally trapping product against the skin.

- **Environmental exposure controls** Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses.

- **Risk management measures**

The operators shall be instructed adequately.

The workplace shall be inspected regularly by competent personnel e.g. the safety representative.

* SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

- **9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

- **General Information**

· Physical state	Liquid
· Colour:	Light yellow
· Odour:	Phenol like
· Odour threshold:	0.04ppm (phenol)
· Melting point/freezing point:	Undetermined.
· Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	Undetermined.
· Flammability	Not applicable.
· Lower and upper explosion limit	
· Lower:	1.3 Vol %
· Upper:	9.5 Vol %
· Flash point:	> 60 °C
· Auto-ignition temperature:	> 250 °C
· Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
· pH at 20 °C	~ 4.5
· Viscosity:	
· Kinematic viscosity	Not determined.
· Dynamic:	Not determined.
· Solubility	
· water:	Not miscible or difficult to mix.
· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Not determined.

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· Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	210 hPa
· Density and/or relative density	
· Density at 20 °C:	1.08 g/cm ³
· Relative density	Not determined.
· Vapour density	Not determined.
· 9.2 Other information	
· Appearance:	
· Form:	Fluid
· Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety.	
· Ignition temperature:	Product is not self-igniting.
· Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.
· Change in condition	
· Evaporation rate	Not determined.
· Information with regard to physical hazard classes	
· Explosives	Not applicable
· Flammable gases	Not applicable
· Aerosols	Not applicable
· Oxidising gases	Not applicable
· Gases under pressure	Not applicable
· Flammable liquids	Not applicable
· Flammable solids	Not applicable
· Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Not applicable
· Pyrophoric liquids	Not applicable
· Pyrophoric solids	Not applicable
· Self-heating substances and mixtures	Not applicable
· Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water	Not applicable
· Oxidising liquids	Not applicable
· Oxidising solids	Not applicable
· Organic peroxides	Not applicable
· Corrosive to metals	Not applicable
· Desensitised explosives	Not applicable

* SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- **10.1 Reactivity** No further relevant information available.
- **10.2 Chemical stability**
- **Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:**
Residue upon drying will decompose on burning. This produces toxic and corrosive gases.
At elevated temperatures, explosive vapour/air mixtures may be formed.
- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**
Reacts with oxidising agents.
Reacts with aldehydes.
Reacts with isocyanates.
Reacts with Friedel-Crafts catalysts.
- **10.4 Conditions to avoid** Heat and static discharge.
- **10.5 Incompatible materials:**
Acid anhydrides

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Acid chlorides
 Strong acids and oxidising agents
 Strong bases.
 Finely powdered metals.
 Metal oxides
 Reducing agents.
 Substances specifically listed in section 10.3 as incompatible.

· **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:**

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide
 Chlorine
 Hydrogen chloride (HCl)
 Phosgene

* **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

· **11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

· **Acute toxicity**

Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

· **LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:**

ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimates)

Oral	LD50	146.95 mg/kg
Dermal	LD50	990.04 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	0.7212 mg/l

CAS: 108-95-2 phenol

Oral	LD50	100.1 mg/kg (ATE)
Dermal	LD50	660 mg/kg (rat)

CAS: 67-66-3 Chloroform

Oral	LD50	1,100 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	> 4,000 mg/kg (rat)

· **Primary irritant effect:**

· **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· **Serious eye damage/irritation**

Causes serious eye damage.

· **Respiratory or skin sensitisation** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

· **Carcinogenicity**

Suspected of causing cancer.

· **Reproductive toxicity**

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

· **STOT-single exposure** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· **STOT-repeated exposure**

Causes damage to the central nervous system, the kidneys, the liver and the respiratory system through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to the skin and the nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

· **Aspiration hazard** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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- **Subacute to chronic toxicity:**

EFFECTS OF LONG-TERM OR REPEATED EXPOSURE: The substance may have effects on the liver and kidneys.

- **Additional toxicological information:**

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: Serious local effects by all routes of exposure.

Inhalation may cause lung oedema, but only after initial corrosive effects on eyes and/or airways have become manifest. The symptoms of lung oedema often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Rest and medical observation are therefore essential. Immediate administration of an appropriate inhalation therapy by a doctor or a person authorized by him/her, should be considered.

Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of oesophagus and stomach.

- **11.2 Information on other hazards**

- **Endocrine disrupting properties**

None of the ingredients are listed.

* SECTION 12: Ecological information

- **12.1 Toxicity**

- **Aquatic toxicity:**

CAS: 108-95-2 phenol

LC50 (96 h) | 3.1 mg/l (Bacteria)

CAS: 67-66-3 Chloroform

LC50 (96 h) | 353 mg/l (Bacteria)

- **12.2 Persistence and degradability** No further relevant information available.

- **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential** No further relevant information available.

- **12.4 Mobility in soil** No further relevant information available.

- **12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

- **PBT:** Not applicable.

- **vPvB:** Not applicable.

- **12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties** The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

- **12.7 Other adverse effects**

- **Remark:** Toxic for fish

- **Additional ecological information:**

- **General notes:**

Toxic for aquatic organisms

Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Water hazard class 3 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): extremely hazardous for water

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system, even in small quantities.

Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into the ground.

* SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

- **Recommendation**

Recommended Hierarchy of Controls:

- Minimise waste;
- Reuse if not contaminated;
- Recycle, if possible; or

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- Safe disposal (if all else fails).

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Contact waste processors for recycling information.

Used, degraded or contaminated product may be classified as hazardous waste. Anyone classifying hazardous waste and determining its fate must be qualified in accordance with state and international legislation.

Do not mix with other waste streams.

· **Uncleaned packaging:**

· **Recommendation:**









Container remains hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Do not mix with other waste streams.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Containers, even those that are “empty,” may contain residues that can develop flammable and/or hazardous vapours upon heating. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers.

*** SECTION 14: Transport information**

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA 	<p>UN2922</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR/RID/ADN · IMDG · IATA 	<p>UN2922 CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (phenol, Chloroform), ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (phenol, Chloroform, Isoamyl alcohol), MARINE POLLUTANT CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (phenol, Chloroform)</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) · ADR/RID/ADN 	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;">    </div> <p>· Class 8 (CT1) Corrosive substances. · Label 8+6.1</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · IMDG 	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;">    </div> <p>· Class 8 Corrosive substances. · Label 8/6.1</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · IATA 	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;">   </div> <p>· Class 8 Corrosive substances. · Label 8 (6.1)</p>

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· 14.4 Packing group · ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA	II
· 14.5 Environmental hazards: · Marine pollutant: · Special marking (ADR/RID/ADN):	Product contains environmentally hazardous substances: phenol Symbol (fish and tree) Symbol (fish and tree)
· 14.6 Special precautions for user · Hazard identification number (Kemler code): · Emergency Action Code: · EMS Number: · Segregation groups · Stowage Category · Stowage Code	Warning: Corrosive substances. 86 2X F-A,S-B (SGG10) Liquid halogenated hydrocarbons B SW2 Clear of living quarters.
· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	Amounts up to 5kg or 5L per single or inner package do not require the Environmentally Hazardous mark in accordance with ADR 5.2.1.8.1 and IMDG 2.10.2.7.
· ADR/RID/ADN · Limited quantities (LQ) · Excepted quantities (EQ) · Transport category · Tunnel restriction code	1L Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml 2 E
· IMDG · Limited quantities (LQ) · Excepted quantities (EQ)	1L Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN 2922 CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (PHENOL, CHLOROFORM), 8 (6.1), II, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

* SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- **15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**
- Poisons Act

- **Regulated explosives precursors**

None of the ingredients are listed.

- **Regulated poisons**

CAS: 108-95-2 | phenol

Listed

- **Reportable explosives precursors**

None of the ingredients are listed.

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Reportable poisons

CAS: 108-95-2 phenol

Listed

- **Control Of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015 (COMAH)**
- **Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I** None of the ingredients are listed.
- **COMAH category**
H2
E2
- **Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements** 50 t
- **Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements** 200 t
- **15.2 Chemical safety assessment:** A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

*** SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

This Safety Data Sheet is in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Article 31 as amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

Relevant phrases

- H301 Toxic if swallowed.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H331 Toxic if inhaled.
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Training hints

This product should only be handled by workers who have received sufficient training in the safe handling and use of chemical products.

Department issuing SDS: Product safety department.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

- ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transport Association
- GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)
- PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
- PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
- ATE: Acute toxicity estimate values
- Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3
- Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4
- Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1B

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Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2

Muta. 2: Germ cell mutagenicity – Category 2

Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2

Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2

STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 2

· *** Data compared to the previous version altered.**

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