

Page 1/12

# Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 13.05.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 13.05.2025

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: Hydrochloric Acid (Fuming)
- · Product Code: 20-5502-01, 20-5502-05, 20-5502-10
- · Registration number Mixture
- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- Product category PC21 Laboratory chemicals
- · Application of the substance / the mixture Laboratory chemicals
- · Uses advised against

Any use involving aerosol formation or vapour release in excess of the assigned Workplace Exposure Limit where workers are exposed without suitable Respiratory Protective Equipment.

Any use carrying a risk of direct contact with eyes/skin where workers are exposed without adequate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Processes involving the use of incompatible substances - refer to section 10.

Processes involving extreme heat use advised against.

The product is stictly intended for industrial or professional use only.

#### · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

• Supplier: Severn Biotech Ltd. Unit 2, Park Lane, Kidderminster, Worcestershire. DY11 6TJ UK Tel: 0044 1562 825286 Fax: 0044 1562 825284 email: info@severnbiotech.com

• Further information obtainable from: Product safety department.

• **1.4 Emergency telephone number:** Members of the public seeking specific information on poisons should contact: In England and Wales: NHS 111 - dial 111 In Scotland: NHS 24 - dial 111

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### $\cdot$ 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to GB-CLP

Met. Corr.1 H290 May be corrosive to metals.

Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

#### · 2.2 Label elements

• Labelling according to GB-CLP The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

(Contd. on page 2)



Page 2/12

# Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

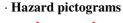
Printing date 13.05.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 13.05.2025

(Contd. of page 1)

### Trade name: Hydrochloric Acid (Fuming)





· Signal word Danger

#### • Hazard-determining components of labelling: hydrochloric acid

· Hazard statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

#### · Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### · 2.3 Other hazards

- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- **PBT:** Not applicable.
- **vPvB:** Not applicable.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

• Description: Aqueous solution of the subtance(s) listed below.

<ul> <li>Dangerous components:</li> </ul>		
CAS: 7647-01-0	hydrochloric acid 25 – 5	
EINECS: 231-595-7	Met. Corr.1, H290; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318;	
Index number: 017-002-01-X	Acute Tox. 4, H302; STOT SE 3, H335	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119484862-27-XXXX	Note: B	
	Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1B; H314: C ≥ 25 %	
	Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 10 % ≤ C < 25 %	
	Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 25 %	
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 10 % ≤ C < 25 %	
	STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 10 %	
	Met. Corr.1; H290: C ≥ 0.1 %	

• Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### · 4.1 Description of first aid measures

· General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

<sup>· 3.2</sup> Mixtures



Page 3/12

# Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 13.05.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 13.05.2025

(Contd. of page 2)

## Trade name: Hydrochloric Acid (Fuming)

#### · After inhalation:

- In case of inhalation:
- Provide fresh air.
- In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen.
- No mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use respiratory bag or oxygen resuscitation apparatus.
- Do not leave patient unattended.
- In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

#### · After skin contact:

Immediately rinse with water.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

· After eye contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

· After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

Magnesium hydroxide (milk of Magnesia) as an antacid may be given.

· Information for doctor: Inhalation of an aerosol of this substance may cause lung oedema.

- · 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Corrosive damage to gastro-intestinal tract.
- · Hazards Danger of gastric perforation.
- · 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

- Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.
- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
- Corrosive liquid.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

- Hydrogen chloride (HCl)
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

- Wear fully protective suit.
- · Additional information

Absorb gas/vapours with water spray.

Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## · 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation

Keep people at a distance and stay on the windward side.



Page 4/12

# Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 13.05.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 13.05.2025

(Contd. of page 3)

## Trade name: Hydrochloric Acid (Fuming)

For significant release, wear full chemical suit.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

#### · 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course in the undiluted form.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

#### • 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g.sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Lime slurry can be used to neutralize material (e.g. 10 - 50% potassium carbonate solution or 10 - 30% sodium carbonate solution).

Wash the area with plenty of water.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid direct contact (skin/eye contact, ingestion and/or inhalation of fume/mist/dust) with the product in the undiluted form.

The product must only be handled by authorised, trained and experienced professionals under strictly controlled conditions.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Safety showers and eye wash facilities should be available at the work area.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection: Keep respiratory protective device available.

#### • 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- · Storage:
- **Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:** Prevent any seepage into the ground.
- Store only in the original receptacle.
- Information about storage in one common storage facility: Do not store together with alkalis (caustic solutions). Store away from metals. Store away from foodstuffs.
- Further information about storage conditions: Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.
- Store in a bunded area.
- · Storage class: 8 B
- 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

(Contd. on page 5)

GB



Page 5/12

# Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 13.05.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 13.05.2025

#### Trade name: Hydrochloric Acid (Fuming)

(Contd. of page 4)

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### · 8.1 Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:			
CAS: 7647-01-0 hydrochloric acid			
WEL Short-term value: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 5 ppm			
Long-term value: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 1 ppm		ppm	
(gas	(gas and aerosol mists)		
· DNELs			
CAS: 7647-01-0 hydrochloric acid			
Inhalative	Inhalative Long-term local effects 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (general population)		
		8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (worker)	
	Short-term local effects 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (general population)		
		15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (worker)	
• Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.			

#### · 8.2 Exposure controls

- Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see section 7.
- · Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- · General protective and hygienic measures:
- The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.
- A safe system of work must be formulated and followed to ensure safe working with this product. Relevant workers must receive suitable and sufficient training and supervision.
- Take note of assigned Workplace Exposure Limits.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.
- Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested.
- Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
- Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing
- Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.
- Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.
- Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
- Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## **Respiratory protection:**

Use suitable respiratory protective device in case of insufficient ventilation.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

#### Hand protection



#### Protective gloves.

Use gloves tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN374 (EU).

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation • Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.



Page 6/12

# Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 13.05.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 13.05.2025

(Contd. of page 5)

### Trade name: Hydrochloric Acid (Fuming)

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.  $\cdot$  Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles conforming to EN166.



Face shield/visor. Use equipment tested and approved under appropriate government stangards such as EN166 (EU) or NIOSH (US)

Use visor in combination with goggles.

· Body protection:



Acid resistant protective clothing

Do not get on skin or clothing. Wear clothing and footwear that cannot be penetrated by the product. Suitable protective equipment may include: Chemical resistant boots, Chemical resistant apron, Full chemical protective suit with a hood, Chemical protective suit consisting of a jacket and trousers. The jacket should be buttoned up to the neck, sleeves sealed at the gloves, and trouser legs worn outside the boots. These precautions are required to prevent the clothing from accidentally trapping product against the skin.

- · Environmental exposure controls Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses.
- · Risk management measures The operators shall be instructed adequately.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

• 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical pro	operties	
· General Information		
· Physical state	Liquid	
· Colour:	Colourless	
· Odour:	Acidic	
· Odour threshold:	Not determined.	
<ul> <li>Melting point/freezing point:</li> </ul>	70 °C	
· Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling rat	nge 100 °C	
· Flammability	Not applicable.	
· Lower and upper explosion limit		
· Lower:	Not determined.	
· Upper:	Not determined.	
· Flash point:	Not applicable.	
<ul> <li>Decomposition temperature:</li> </ul>	Not determined.	
· pH at 20 °C	1	
· Viscosity:		
· Kinematic viscosity	Not determined.	
· Dynamic:	Not determined.	
· Solubility		
· water:	Fully miscible.	
· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Not determined.	
· Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	21.3 hPa	



Page 7/12

# Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 13.05.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 13.05.2025

### Trade name: Hydrochloric Acid (Fuming)

	(Contd. of page 6
· Density and/or relative density	
· Density at 20 °C:	1.15 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
· Relative density	Not determined.
· Vapour density	Not determined.
• 9.2 Other information	NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.
· Appearance:	
· Form:	Fluid
· Important information on protection of hea	lth and
environment, and on safety.	
· Ignition temperature:	Product is not self-igniting.
· Explosive properties:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.
· Solvent content:	1 1
· VOC (EC)	0.00~%
· Change in condition	
· Evaporation rate	Not determined.
· Information with regard to physical hazard cla	asses
· Explosives	Not applicable
· Flammable gases	Not applicable
· Aerosols	Not applicable
· Oxidising gases	Not applicable
· Gases under pressure	Not applicable
· Flammable liquids	Not applicable
· Flammable solids	Not applicable
· Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Not applicable
· Pyrophoric liquids	Not applicable
· Pyrophoric solids	Not applicable
· Self-heating substances and mixtures	Not applicable
· Substances and mixtures, which emit flammab	
in contact with water	Not applicable
· Oxidising liquids	Not applicable
· Oxidising solids	Not applicable
· Organic peroxides	Not applicable
· Corrosive to metals	May be corrosive to metals.
· Desensitised explosives	Not applicable

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:
- No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.
- $\cdot$  10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
- Reacts with amines.
- Exothermic reaction with alkalis
- Reacts with metals forming hydrogen.
- Reacts violently with oxidising agents.
- $\cdot$  10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials:
- Strong bases.



Page 8/12

# Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 13.05.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 13.05.2025

(Contd. of page 7)

Trade name: Hydrochloric Acid (Fuming)

Finely powdered metals. Substances specifically listed in section 10.3 as incompatible. • **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:** Hydrogen chloride (HCl) Chlorine Hydrogen

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### · LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

#### **ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimates)**

Oral LD50 2,432.4 mg/kg (rabbit)

### CAS: 7647-01-0 hydrochloric acid

Oral LD50 900 mg/kg (rabbit)

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation
- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.
- Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure
- May cause respiratory irritation.
- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Subacute to chronic toxicity:

EFFECTS OF LONG-TERM OR REPEATED EXPOSURE: The substance may have effects on the respiratory tract and lungs, resulting in chronic bronchitis.

- May have effects on the teeth, resulting in teeth erosion.
- · Additional toxicological information:

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: Can be absorbed into the body by inhalation and by ingestion.

Inhalation may cause lung oedema, but only after initial corrosive effects on eyes and/or airways have become manifest. The symptoms of lung oedema often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Rest and medical observation are therefore essential. Immediate administration of an appropriate inhalation therapy by a doctor or a person authorized by him/her, should be considered.

Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of oesophagus and stomach.

· 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### · Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### · 12.1 Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.



Page 9/12

# Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 13.05.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 13.05.2025

### Trade name: Hydrochloric Acid (Fuming)

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability Inorganic substance: not applicable
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Product is not expected to bioaccumulate.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- · 12.7 Other adverse effects
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## · 13.1 Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation

Recommended Hierarchy of Controls:

- Minimise waste;
- Reuse if not contaminated;
- Recycle, if possible; or
- Safe disposal (if all else fails).

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Contact waste processors for recycling information.

Used, degraded or contaminated product may be classified as hazardous waste. Anyone classifying hazardous waste and determining its fate must be qualified in accordance with state and international legislation.

· Uncleaned packaging:

#### · Recommendation:

Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. They may be recycled after thorough and proper cleaning.

Container remains hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Containers, even those that are "empty," may contain residues that can develop flammable and/or hazardous vapours upon heating. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers.

· Recommended cleansing agents: Large quantities of water

SECTION 14: Transport information		
<ul> <li>· 14.1 UN number or ID number</li> <li>· ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA</li> </ul>	UN1789	
<ul> <li>· 14.2 UN proper shipping name</li> <li>· ADR/RID/ADN</li> <li>· IMDG, IATA</li> </ul>	UN1789 HYDROCHLORIC ACID solution HYDROCHLORIC ACID solution	
	(Cor	ntd. on page 10

(Contd. of page 8)



Page 10/12

# Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 13.05.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 13.05.2025

# Trade name: Hydrochloric Acid (Fuming)

	(Contd. of pag
• 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR/RID/ADN	
B	
Class	8 (C1) Corrosive substances.
· Label	8
· IMDG, IATA	
the car	
8	
· Class	8 Corrosive substances.
· Label	8
· 14.4 Packing group	
· ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA	II
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:	
• Marine pollutant:	No
· 14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Corrosive substances.
· Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	80
· Hazchem Code:	2R
· EMS Number:	F-A,S-B
· Segregation groups	(SGG1) Acids
· Stowage Category	
· Segregation Code	SG36 Stow "separated from" SGG18-alkalis. SG49 Stow "separated from" SGG6-cyanides
	· ·
<ul> <li>14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IM instruments</li> </ul>	Not applicable.
	Not applicable.
• Transport/Additional information:	
· ADR/RID/ADN	1L
<ul> <li>Limited quantities (LQ)</li> <li>Excepted quantities (EQ)</li> </ul>	IL Code: E2
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
· Transport category	2
Tunnel restriction code	Ε
·IMDG	
· Limited quantities (LQ)	1L
· Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml

- GB -



Page 11/12

# Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 13.05.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 13.05.2025

(Contd. of page 10)

10%

#### Trade name: Hydrochloric Acid (Fuming)

· UN "Model Regulation":

UN 1789 HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION, 8, II

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture · Poisons Act
- · Regulated explosives precursors
- CAS: 7647-01-0 hydrochloric acid
- · Regulated poisons
- None of the ingredients are listed.
- · Reportable explosives precursors
- None of the ingredients are listed.
- · Reportable poisons

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### · Control Of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015 (COMAH)

- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients are listed.
- 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

This Safety Data Sheet is in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Article 31 as amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

#### · Relevant phrases

- H290 May be corrosive to metals.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

#### · Training hints

This product should only be handled by workers who have received sufficient training in the safe handling and use of chemical products.

· Department issuing SDS: Product safety department.

#### · Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

- IATA: International Air Transport Association
- GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
- VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent



Page 12/12

# Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 13.05.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 13.05.2025

Trade name: Hydrochloric Acid (Fuming)

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative ATE: Acute toxicity estimate values Met. Corr.1: Corrosive to metals – Category 1 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1B Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1 STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3 • \* Data compared to the previous version altered. (Contd. of page 11)

GB