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Safety data sheet according to UK REACH (SI 2020/1577) as amended

Printing date 08.03.2025

Version number 2 (replaces version 1)

Revision: 08.03.2025

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: Ethyl Acetate 99%
- · Product Code: 20-5600-10, 20-5600-25
- · CAS Number:
- 141-78-6
- · EC number:
- 205-500-4
- · Index number:
- 607-022-00-5
- \cdot 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- · Product category
- PC1 Adhesives, sealants
- PC9a Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers
- PC21 Laboratory chemicals
- PC27 Plant protection products
- PC28 Perfumes, fragrances
- PC39 Cosmetics, personal care products
- PC0 Other

Application of the substance / the mixture

The product has many industrial, professional and consumer applications.

· Uses advised against

Processes involving extreme heat use advised against.

Any use involving aerosol formation or vapour release in excess of the assigned Workplace Exposure Limit where workers are exposed without suitable Respiratory Protective Equipment.

Any use carrying a risk of direct contact with eyes/skin where workers are exposed without adequate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Processes involving the use of incompatible substances - refer to section 10.

\cdot 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Supplier:

Severn Biotech Ltd. Unit 2, Park Lane, Kidderminster, Worcestershire. DY11 6TJ UK Tel: 0044 1562 825286 Fax: 0044 1562 825284 email: info@severnbiotech.com

· Further information obtainable from: Product safety department.

· 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Members of the public seeking specific information on poisons should contact: In England and Wales: NHS 111 - dial 111 In Scotland: NHS 24 - dial 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to GB-CLP

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



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Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- Labelling according to GB-CLP The substance is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.
- · Hazard pictograms



· Signal word Danger

· Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

· Precautionary statements

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.
- P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P405

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

· Additional information:

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Store locked up.

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- **vPvB:** Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.1 Substances
- · CAS No. Description
- CAS: 141-78-6 Ethyl acetate
- · Identification number(s)
- EC number: 205-500-4
- Index number: 607-022-00-5

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- · After inhalation:
- Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
- In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

· After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

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If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

· After eye contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses.

- Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.
- · After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

· Information for doctor: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

• 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.

· 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

· 5.1 Extinguishing media

· Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

· For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet

· 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Vapours are heavier than air and may travel a long distance and accumulate in low lying areas. Ignition and/or flash back may occur.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

· 5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment:

Wear fully protective suit.

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

· Additional information

Absorb gas/vapours with water spray.

Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

• 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep away from ignition sources.
Keep ignition sources away - no smoking.
Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
Keep people at a distance and stay on the windward side.
Ensure adequate ventilation
Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and collect in confined spaces.
· 6.2 Environmental precautions:
Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.



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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g.sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.
Wash the area with plenty of water.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
6.4 Reference to other sections
See Section 7 for information on safe handling.
See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Avoid direct contact (skin/eye contact, ingestion and/or inhalation of fume/mist/dust) with the product in the undiluted form.

Safety showers and eye wash facilities should be available at the work area.

Welding and other hot work operations in the work area must only be permitted under supervision.

Conduct maintenance and other work on or in storage/reactor/mixing vessels or closed spaces ONLY under strict Permit to Work conditions.

Vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

Use explosion-proof apparatus / fittings and spark-proof tools.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- \cdot Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store only in the original receptacle. Store in a cool location.

• Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from oxidising agents.

\cdot Further information about storage conditions:

Store in a bunded area.

Store in a cool place. Heat will increase pressure and may lead to the receptacle bursting.

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

• Storage class: 3

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:			
CAS: 141-78-6 Ethyl acetate			
WEL Short-term value: 1468 mg/m ³ , 400 ppm			
Long-term value: 734 mg/m ³ , 200 ppm			
· DNELs			
Oral	Long-term systemic effects	4.5 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	37 mg/kg bw/day (general population)	
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			63 mg/kg bw/day (worker)	
Inhalative	Inhalative Long-term systemic effects		367 mg/m ³ (general population)	
			734 mg/m ³ (worker)	
	Short-term systemic effects		734 mg/m ³ (general population)	
			1,468 mg/m ³ (worker)	
	Long-term local effects	5	367 mg/m ³ (general population)	
			734 mg/m ³ (worker)	
	Short-term local effects	s	734 mg/m ³ (general population)	
			1,468 mg/m ³ (worker)	
·PNECs				
Freshwater 240		240	μg/L	
Freshwater - Intermittent releases 1.65		1.65	mg/L	
Marine water 24 µ		24 μ	g/L	
Sewage Treatment Plant 650		650	mg/L	
Sediment (freshwater) 1.15		1.15	mg/kg	
Sediment (marine water) 115		115	μg/kg	
Soil 148		148	μg/kg	
Secondary poisoning 200		200	mg/kg food	

• Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

· 8.2 Exposure controls

· Appropriate engineering controls

Provide general and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne levels below the exposure guidelines. Lethal concentrations may exist in areas with poor ventilation.

· Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

· General protective and hygienic measures:

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.

A safe system of work must be formulated and followed to ensure safe working with this product. Relevant workers must receive suitable and sufficient training and supervision.

Take note of assigned Workplace Exposure Limits.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Respiratory protection:

Use suitable respiratory protective device in case of insufficient ventilation.

Filter A for organic vapours

· Hand protection



Protective gloves. Use gloves tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN374 (EU).

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

Nitrile rubber, NBR



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Trade name: Ethyl Acetate 99%

Neoprene gloves Butyl rubber, BR

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

· Penetration time of glove material

Break-through time: > 480 minutes

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed. \cdot Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials:

Leather gloves

- Textile gloves.
- · Eye/face protection



Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

· Body protection:



Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Do not get on skin or clothing. Wear clothing and footwear that cannot be penetrated by the product. Suitable protective equipment may include: Chemical resistant boots, Chemical resistant apron, Full chemical protective suit with a hood, Chemical protective suit consisting of a jacket and trousers. The jacket should be buttoned up to the neck, sleeves sealed at the gloves, and trouser legs worn outside the boots. These precautions are required to prevent the clothing from accidentally trapping product against the skin.

- Environmental exposure controls Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.
- · Risk management measures The operators shall be instructed adequately.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

• 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties			
· General Information			
· Physical state	Liquid		
· Colour:	Colourless		
· Odour:	Fruit-like		
· Odour threshold:	approx. 4ppm		
 Melting point/freezing point: 	< -70 °C		
\cdot Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range $77~^{ m oC}$			
· Flammability	Not applicable.		
Lower and upper explosion limit			
· Lower:	2.2 Vol %		
· Upper:	11.5 Vol %		
· Flash point:	-4 °C		
· Auto-ignition temperature:	427 °C		
 Decomposition temperature: 	Not determined.		
· pH	Not determined.		
· Viscosity:			
· Kinematic viscosity	Not determined.		
· Dynamic at 20 °C:	0.45 mPas		

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· Solubility			
· water at 25 °C:	80 g/l		
· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) at 25	5		
°C	0.68 LogPow		
· Vapour pressure at 21 °C:	107 hPa		
· Density and/or relative density			
Density at 20 °C:	0.9 g/cm ³		
· Relative density	Not determined.		
· Vapour density	Not determined.		
• 9.2 Other information			
· Appearance:			
· Form:	Fluid		
· Important information on protection of health and			
environment, and on safety.			
· Ignition temperature:	Not determined.		
· Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive		
	air/vapour mixtures are possible.		
· Molecular weight	88 g/mol		
· Change in condition			
· Evaporation rate	Not determined.		
· Information with regard to physical hazard classes			
· Explosives	Void		
· Flammable gases	Void		
· Aerosols	Void		
· Oxidising gases	Void		
· Gases under pressure	Void		
· Flammable liquids	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.		
· Flammable solids	Void		
 Self-reactive substances and mixtures 	Void		
· Pyrophoric liquids	Void		
· Pyrophoric solids	Void		
 Self-heating substances and mixtures 	Void		
· Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gase	28		
in contact with water	Void		
· Oxidising liquids	Void		
· Oxidising solids	Void		
· Organic peroxides	Void		
Corrosive to metals	Void		
· Desensitised explosives	Void		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

• 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.

· 10.2 Chemical stability

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- **Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:** Heating will cause rise in pressure of container with risk of bursting. At elevated temperatures, explosive vapour/air mixtures may be formed. No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
- Forms explosive gas mixture with air.



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Reacts violently with oxidising agents.

Reacts with alkali, amines and strong acids.

- 10.4 Conditions to avoid Heat and static discharge.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials: Strong acids.
 Strong bases.
 Strong oxidising agents.
 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide
 - **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

\cdot 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

• Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

 Oral
 LD50
 > 2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)

 Dermal
 LD50
 > 20,000 mg/kg (rabbit)

 Inhalative
 LC50/4 h
 33.5 mg/l (rat)

· Primary irritant effect:

- Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Subacute to chronic toxicity: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may irritate and cause dermatitis.
- · Additional toxicological information:
- ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: Can be absorbed into the body by inhalation and by ingestion.

INHALATION RISK: A harmful contamination of the air will be reached very quickly on evaporation of this substance at 20°C.

EFFECTS OF SHORT-TERM EXPOSURE: The product is irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract. May cause effects on the central nervous system.

Exposure above the WEL may result in death.

Use of alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects.

- · 11.2 Information on other hazards
- Endocrine disrupting properties Substance is not listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity:

EC50 (96 h) > 2,000 mg/l (Bacteria)

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability biodegradable
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Product is not expected to bioaccumulate.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

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· 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- **PBT:** Not applicable.
- **vPvB:** Not applicable.
- 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- · 12.7 Other adverse effects
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Assessment by list): slightly hazardous for water

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation

- Recommended Hierarchy of Controls:
- Minimise waste;
- Reuse if not contaminated;
- Recycle, if possible; or
- Safe disposal (if all else fails).

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Contact waste processors for recycling information.

Used, degraded or contaminated product may be classified as hazardous waste. Anyone classifying hazardous waste and determining its fate must be qualified in accordance with state and international legislation.

· Uncleaned packaging:

· Recommendation:

Empty contaminated packagings thoroughly. They may be recycled after thorough and proper cleaning.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Container remains hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Containers, even those that are "empty," may contain residues that can develop flammable and/or hazardous vapours upon heating. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers.

Do not mix with other waste streams.

 \cdot **Recommended cleansing agents:** Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

SECTION 14: Transport information		
 · 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA 	UN1173	
 · 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR/RID/ADN · IMDG, IATA 	UN1173 ETHYL ACETATE ETHYL ACETATE	
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		
· ADR/RID/ADN		
· Class	3 (F1) Flammable liquids.	
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· Label	3
· IMDG, IATA	
· Class	3 Flammable liquids.
·Label	3
 14.4 Packing group ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA 	П
 14.5 Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant: 	No
· 14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Flammable liquids.
· Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	33
· Hazchem Code:	•3YE
· EMS Number: · Stowage Category	F-E,S-D B
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IM	0
instruments	Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
· ADR/RID/ADN	
Limited quantities (LQ)	1L Calar F2
· Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
Transport category Turned methics and a	2 D/F
• IMDG • Limited quantities (LO)	11.
· Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN 1173 ETHYL ACETATE, 3, II

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Poisons Act

• Regulated explosives precursors Substance is not listed.

- **Regulated poisons** Substance is not listed.
- · Reportable explosives precursors Substance is not listed.
- · Reportable poisons Substance is not listed.

· Control Of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015 (COMAH)

· Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I Substance is not listed.



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- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5,000 t
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 50,000 t
- 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship. This Safety Data Sheet is in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Article 31 as amended by Regulation

This Safety Data Sheet is in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Article 31 as amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

· Training hints

This product should only be handled by workers who have received sufficient training in the safe handling and use of chemical products.

· Department issuing SDS: Product safety department.

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

• * Data compared to the previous version altered.

GB -