*

*

Version number 4

Printing date 20	0.02.2024	Version number 4	Revision: 20.02.2024
SECTIO	N 1: Identificatio	n of the substance/mixture and of t	he company/undertaking
· 1.1 Produ			
· Trade nan	ne: <u>Chloroform</u>		
 Article nu CAS Num 67-66-3 EC numbe 200-663-8 Index num 602-006-00 1.2 Releva Product ca PC19 Inte PC21 Lab Application Intermedia Solvents Uses adviss 1.3 Details Manufacton Severn Bio 	mber: 40-1500-10 ber: ober: 0-4 ont identified uses of t ategory ermediate boratory chemicals on of the substance / t te sed against The products of the supplier of the urer/Supplier:	ct is stictly intended for industrial or profession	
Fax: 0044	ster,		
• Further in • 1.4 Emerg Members o In England	formation obtainable gency telephone numb	becific information on poisons should contact	:
SECTIO	DN 2: Hazards ide	ntification	
· 2.1 Classif	fication of the substar		
	GHS06 skull and cross	sbones	
Acute Tox	. 3 H331 Toxic if inh	naled.	
	GHS08 health hazard		
Carc. 2	H351 Suspected of	of causing cancer.	
Repr. 2	-	of damaging the unborn child.	
STOT RE		hage to the central nervous system, the kidne hugh prolonged or repeated exposure.	ys, the liver and the respiratory

GHS07

(Contd. on page 2)

Safety data sheet

Printing date 20.02.20	Version number 4	Revision: 20.02.2024
Trade name: Chloro	form	
		(Contd. of page 1)
Acute Tox. 4 H3	02 Harmful if swallowed.	
Skin Irrit. 2 H3	15 Causes skin irritation.	
Eye Irrit. 2 H3	19 Causes serious eye irritation.	
· 2.2 Label elemer	ts	
	ing to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
	classified and labelled according to the GB CLP re	gulation.
	ms GHS06, GHS08	
• Signal word Dar		
· Hazard stateme		
H302 Harmful i H331 Toxic if in		
H331 Toxic II II H315 Causes sk		
	ious eye irritation.	
	of causing cancer.	
	of damaging the unborn child.	
	mage to the central nervous system, the kidneys, the	he liver and the respiratory system through
	or repeated exposure.	ne nver and the respiratory system anough
· Precautionary s		
P260	Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.	
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/	eye protection/face protection/hearing
	protection.	
P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/do	
P305+P351+P33	3 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for sepresent and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	everal minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
P405	Store locked up.	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance v regulations.	with local/regional/national/international
· 2.3 Other hazar		

• **vPvB:** Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.1 Chemical characterisation: Substances
- · CAS No. Description

×

×

- 67-66-3 Chloroform
- · Identification number(s)
- **EC number:** 200-663-8
- · Index number: 602-006-00-4

SECTION 4: First aid measures

· 4.1 Description of first aid measures

· General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

Protection of first-aiders: If entering a saturated atmosphere, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

• After inhalation:

In case of inhalation:

- Provide fresh air.
- In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen.

- No mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use respiratory bag or oxygen resuscitation apparatus.

- Do not leave patient unattended.

(Contd. on page 3)

GB

Printing date 20.02.2024	Printing date 20.02.2024	V
--------------------------	--------------------------	---

Version number 4

Revision: 20.02.2024

Trade name: Chloroform

Trade name: Chloroform	
	(Contd. of page 2)
In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.	(conta: of page 2)
· After skin contact:	
Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.	
If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.	
After eye contact:	
Check for and remove any contact lenses.	
Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.	
· After swallowing:	
Wash mouth out with water	
Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.	
If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.	
· Information for doctor:	
Do not administer catecholamines (because of the cardiac effect caused by the product).	
• 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	
Disorientation	
Dizziness	
· 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	
No further relevant information available.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
\cdot 5.1 Extinguishing media	
· Suitable extinguishing agents:	
CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.	
Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.	
· For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet	
· 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	
In case of fire, the following can be released:	
Carbon monoxide (CO)	
Hydrogen chloride (HCl)	
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters	
· Protective equipment:	
Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.	
Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.	
Wear fully protective suit.	
· Additional information	
Absorb gas/vapours with water spray.	
Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.	
Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Keep ignition sources away - no smoking.

Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

Remove persons from danger area.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.

Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

\cdot 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g.sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

(Contd. on page 4)

Printing date 20.02.2024

*

*

Version number 4

Revision: 20.02.2024

Trade name: Chloroform

Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Significant release:	Contd. of page 3)
 Pump into a clean labelled emergency container. After cleaning, flush away traces with water. I for later processing. • 6.4 Reference to other sections 	Recover water
See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.	
SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
• 7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Prevent formation of aerosols.	
Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.	
Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Restrict the quantity stored at the work place.	
Avoid direct contact (skin/eye contact, ingestion and/or inhalation of fume/mist/dust) with the undiluted form.	product in the
Safety showers and eye wash facilities should be available at the work area. The product must only be handled by authorised, trained and experienced professionals controlled conditions.	under strictly
Conduct maintenance and other work on or in storage/reactor/mixing vessels or closed spaces strict Permit to Work conditions.	
Welding and other hot work operations in the work area must only be permitted under supervisio • Information about fire - and explosion protection:	n.
Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.	
Protect from heat.	
Keep respiratory protective device available.	
• 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities • Storage:	
 Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store only in the original receptacle. Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from oxidising agents. 	
Store away from metals.	
Do not store together with acids.	
• Further information about storage conditions: Store in a bunded area.	
Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.	
Protect from heat and direct sunlight.	
• Storage class: 6.1 D	
• 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.	
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection	
 8.1 Control parameters Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see section 7. 	
• Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:	
67-66-3 Chloroform	
WEL Long-term value: 9.9 mg/m ³ , 2 ppm Sk	
· DNELs	
Dermal DNEL Long-term systemic effects 2.86 mg/kg bw/day (worker)	
Inhalative DNEL Long-term systemic effects 2.5 mg/m ³ (worker)	
DNEL Short-term systemic effects 5 mg/m ³ (worker)	Contd. on page 5)

(Contd. on page 5) GB

Printing date 20.02.2024

Version number 4

Revision: 20.02.2024

Trade name: Chloroform

			(Contd. of page 4)
	DNEL Long-term local effects		2.5 mg/m ³ (worker)
	DNEL Short-term loc	cal effects	5 mg/m ³ (worker)
· PNECs			
PN	NEC Freshwater	146 μg/L	
PN	NEC Marine water	15 μg/L	
PN	NEC Sewage Treatment Plant	48 μg/L	
PN	NEC Sediment (freshwater)	450 µg/kg	
PN	NEC Sediment (marine water)	90 µg/kg	
PN	NEC Soil	560 μg/kg	

• Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

· 8.2 Exposure controls

· Personal protective equipment:

· General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Take note of assigned Workplace Exposure Limits.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested.

Pregnant women should strictly avoid inhalation or skin contact.

A safe system of work must be formulated and followed to ensure safe working with this product. Relevant workers must receive suitable and sufficient training and supervision.

• Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Filter AXP3

Protection of hands:



Protective gloves.

Use gloves tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN374 (EU).

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation \cdot Material of gloves

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye protection:



Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166.

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

· Body protection:



Protective work clothing

Do not get on skin or clothing. Wear clothing and footwear that cannot be penetrated by the product. Suitable protective equipment may include: Chemical resistant boots, Chemical resistant apron, Full chemical protective suit with a hood, Chemical protective suit consisting of a jacket and trousers. The jacket should be buttoned up to the neck, sleeves sealed at the gloves, and trouser legs worn outside the boots. These

Printing date 20.02.2024

Version number 4

Revision: 20.02.2024

(Contd. of page 5)

Trade name: Chloroform

precautions are required to prevent the clothing from accidentally trapping product against the skin. · Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses. · Risk management measures The operators shall be instructed adequately. The workplace shall be inspected regularly by competent personnel e.g. the safety representative. **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties** · 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties · General Information · Appearance: Form: Fluid **Colour:** Colourless · Odour: Pleasant Not determined. · Odour threshold: · pH-value: Not determined. · Change in condition Melting point/freezing point: -63 °C Initial boiling point and boiling range: 62 °C · Flash point: Cannot promote combustion · Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable. · Decomposition temperature: Not determined. Not determined. · Ignition temperature: · Explosive properties: Product does not present an explosion hazard. · Explosion limits: Lower: Not determined. Not determined. Upper: · Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 210 hPa · Density at 20 °C: 1.48 g/cm³ Not determined. · Relative density · Vapour density Not determined. · Evaporation rate Not determined.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

• 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.

• Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: Decomposes on heating, producing toxic fumes.

8 g/l

1.97 log POW

Not determined.

No further relevant information available.

0.56 mPas

• **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** Reacts with acids.

Reacts with oxidising agents.

· Solubility in / Miscibility with

· Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:

water at 20 °C:

Dynamic at 20 °C:

· 9.2 Other information

· Viscosity:

Kinematic:

(Contd. on page 7)

^{· 10.2} Chemical stability

GB

Printing date 20.02.2024

Version number 4

Revision: 20.02.2024

(Contd. of page 6)

Trade name: Chloroform

Reacts violently with bases.

- 10.4 Conditions to avoid Heat and static discharge.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Strong acids.

Strong bases.

Strong oxidising agents.

Finely powdered metals.

Oxygen

• **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:** Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

Phosgene

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Toxic if inhaled.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

Oral LD50 1,100 mg/kg (rat)

Dermal LD50 > 4,000 mg/kg (rat)

- Primary irritant effect:
 Skin corrosion/irritation
- Causes skin irritation.
- Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.
- Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Additional toxicological information:
- ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: Can be absorbed into the body by inhalation and by ingestion.
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity
- Suspected of causing cancer.
- · Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

· STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to the central nervous system, the kidneys, the liver and the respiratory system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

 \cdot Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity:

EC50 (96 h) 353 mg/l (Bacteria)

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Product is not expected to bioaccumulate.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:

· General notes:

Water hazard class 3 (German Regulation) (Assessment by list): extremely hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system, even in small quantities. Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into the ground.

(Contd. on page 8)

GB

Printing date 20.02.2024

Version number 4

Revision: 20.02.2024

Trade name: Chloroform

· 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- **PBT:** Not applicable.
- **vPvB:** Not applicable.
- · 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

- $\cdot \ Recommendation$
- Recommended Hierarchy of Controls:
- Minimise waste;
- Reuse if not contaminated;
- Recycle, if possible; or
- Safe disposal (if all else fails).

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Contact waste processors for recycling information.

Used, degraded or contaminated product may be classified as hazardous waste. Anyone classifying hazardous waste and determining its fate must be qualified in accordance with state and international legislation.

· European waste catalogue

Waste key numbers in accordance with the European Waste catalogue (EWC) are origin-referred defined. Since this product is used in several industries, no waste key can be provided by the supplier. The waste key number should be determined in arrangement with your waste disposal partner or the responsible authority.

· Uncleaned packaging:

· Recommendation:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Container remains hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Do not mix with other waste streams.

SECTION 14: Transport information	
· 14.1 UN-Number · ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA	UN1888
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR/RID/ADN · IMDG, IATA	UN1888 CHLOROFORM CHLOROFORM
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
· ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA	
· Class	6.1 Toxic substances.
· Label	6.1
· 14.4 Packing group · ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA	III
· 14.5 Environmental hazards: · Marine pollutant:	No
· 14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Toxic substances.
· Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	60
· EMS Number:	F-A,S-A
· Segregation groups	(SGG10) Liquid halogenated hydrocarbons
· Stowage Category	A

- GB

(Contd. of page 7)

Printing date 20.02.2024

Version number 4

Revision: 20.02.2024

Trade name: Chloroform

	(Contd. of page 8	
· Stowage Code	SW2 Clear of living quarters.	
· 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Ann	nex II of	
Marpol and the IBC Code Not applicable.		
· Transport/Additional information:		
· ADR/RID/ADN		
· Limited quantities (LQ)	5L	
· Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E1	
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml	
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml	
· Transport category	2	
· Tunnel restriction code	Е	
· IMDG		
· Limited quantities (LQ) 5L		
· Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E1	
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml	
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml	
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN 1888 CHLOROFORM, 6.1, III	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Poisons Act

- · Regulated explosives precursors Substance is not listed.
- · Regulated poisons Substance is not listed.
- Reportable explosives precursors Substance is not listed.
- Reportable poisons Substance is not listed.
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I Substance is not listed.
- · Seveso category H2
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 50 t
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 200 t
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3, 32, 75
- · Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 Annex I Part 1
- DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment Annex II Substance is not listed.
- · REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148
- \cdot Annex I RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

Substance is not listed.

- · Annex II REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS Substance is not listed.
- Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors Substance is not listed.
- Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors
- Substance is not listed.
- 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

(Contd. on page 10)

GB

	Printing date 20.02.2024	Version number 4	Revision: 20.02.2024
 Training hints This product should only be handled by workers who have received sufficient training in the safe handling ar use of chemical products. Department issuing SDS: Product safety department. Abbreviations and acronyms: ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning th International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent D50: Lethal dose, 50 percent D50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PAC: Presistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPVB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity	Trade name: Chloroform		
 This product should only be handled by workers who have received sufficient training in the safe handling ar use of chemical products. Department issuing SDS: Product safety department. Abbreviations and acronyms: ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) MDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LD50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox, 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox, 4: Acute toxicity – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1 			(Contd. of page 9)
 This product should only be handled by workers who have received sufficient training in the safe handling ar use of chemical products. Department issuing SDS: Product safety department. Abbreviations and acronyms: ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) MDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LD50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox, 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox, 4: Acute toxicity – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1 	· Training hints		
 Abbreviations and acronyms: ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1 	This product should only be han	lled by workers who have received sufficie	nt training in the safe handling and
 Abbreviations and acronyms: ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1 	· Department issuing SDS: Produ	ict safety department.	
ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1			
International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1		rnational des marchandises dangereuses par rout	e (European Agreement Concerning the
IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1			(
 GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1 	IMDG: International Maritime Code for	Dangerous Goods	
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1	IATA: International Air Transport Assoc	ation	
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1	5 5 5	8	
DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1			
 PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1 			
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1			
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1		n (UK REACH)	
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1			
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1		vic	
Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1	,		
Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1			
Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2 Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1			
Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1	Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irrit	tion – Category 2	
STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1			
• * Data compared to the previous version altered.			
	• * Data compared to the previo	is version altered.	